

In The Claims:

The following is a proposed listing of the claims, after amendment hereby

1. (Currently Amended) A device for forming an image from a plurality of sub images, the device comprising:

a single-surface flat, dynamic x-ray detector which includes a plurality of sensor elements for generating image data, said sensor elements arranged in groups for forming a plurality of sub-areas (T₁ to T_N) of the image, where each sub-image corresponds to each sub-area;

read-out units (V₁ to V_N) associated with the sub-areas (T₁ to T_N) of the image,

an analysis unit arranged to evaluate image data from adjoining image areas (S₆₃ and S₆₆) of neighboring sub-areas (T₁ and T₂) and to generate correction data in accordance with said image area evaluation, and

a correction unit arranged to correct incorrect image data using~~by means of~~ the correction data.

2. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sensor elements arranged in rows and columns forming a matrix.

3. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 2, wherein the rows or columns, or parts thereof, constitute an image area, that a plurality of image areas constitute a sub-area, and wherein amplifiers are included to read out image data from the sub-areas.

4. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a memory for storing the correction data.

5. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the image data is applied to the analysis unit at a reduced rate.

6. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 3, wherein the analysis unit is arranged to receive image data from adjoining columns of neighboring amplifiers, and includes a histogram generator for generating histograms of the image data received, and a summing unit for forming cumulative histograms from the histograms, and an adaptation unit for forming a functional dependency between the amplification characteristics of the amplifiers of neighboring columns and for generating correction data.

7. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 6, wherein the histogram generator is arranged to receive the image data and to generate histograms over a selectable period of time.

8. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the analysis unit further comprising means for forming an estimated value (SW_{65}) for the image value (GW_{65}) of a pixel (P_{65}) of a sub-area (T_2) to be corrected, the pixel (P_{65}) being situated at a boundary (G) with a neighboring sub-area (T_1), while utilizing an image value (GW_{64}) of the adjoining image area (S_{64}) of the neighboring sub-area (T_1), and means for forming a correction value for the relevant image value (GW_{65}) in the sub-area (T_2) to be corrected by comparison of the actual image value SW_{65} of the pixel (P_{65}) with the estimated value (SW_{65}).

9. (Previously Amended) The device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the analysis unit further comprises means for extrapolating across the boundary (G) the image values (GW_{63} , GW_{64}) of pixels (P_{63} , P_{64}) of an image area (S_{63} , S_{64}) of the neighboring sub-area (T_1), adjoining the pixel (P_{65}) of the sub-area (T_2) to be corrected.

10. (Cancelled)

11. (Cancelled).

12. (Cancelled)

13. (Cancelled)

14. (Cancelled)

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Cancelled)

17. (Previously Amended) An X-ray examination apparatus which includes an X-ray source for emitting X-rays and for forming an X-ray image, a flat dynamic X-ray detector for forming an optical image from the X-ray image, which detector includes sensor elements arranged in rows and columns and at least two amplifiers (V_1 to V_N) for reading out detected image data, at least one amplifier being associated with each of a plurality of sub-areas (T_1 to T_N) in order to read out detected image data, comprising

an analysis unit for forming correction data on the basis of the evaluation of image data from adjoining image areas (S_{64} and S_{65}) of neighboring sub-areas (T_1 and T_2), and
a correction unit for correcting the incorrect image data by means of the correction data.

18. (Currently Amended) A computer program for the correction of image data derived from a single-surface detector comprising a plurality of sub-areas (T_1 to T_N), wherein a respective read-out unit (V_1 to V_N) is associated with sub-areas (T_1 to T_N) of the image and image data from image areas

(S_{64} and S_{65}) of adjoining sub-areas (T_1 and T_2) of neighboring read-out units (V_1 and V_2) is evaluated by formation of histograms in order to generate correction data after integration of the histograms, which correction data is used to adapt the image data from one sub-area (T_2) to the amplifier characteristic of the read-out unit (V_1) which amplifies the adjoining sub-area (T_1) to mitigate differences between said the amplifier characteristics.